

Citizens Clearinghouse for Hazardous Waste, Inc.

Vol. 12, No 1-January/February, 1994

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CCHW Year In Review



"El pueblo parara el Incinerador"

(the people will stop the incinerator)

After a six year fight to stop a proposed hazardous waste incinerator, residents in Kettleman City, California, finally won. Kettleman City is one of many communities in 1993 that successfully fought against the proposed siting of an incinerator. For a list of other victories against proposed or existing incinerators, see page 4.

The Journal of the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice

Mission and Goals

CCHW trains and assists local people to fight for Justice, become empowered and protect their communities from environmental threats and build strong locally controlled communities. CCHW connects these strong local groups with each other to build a solid larger than local base. In doing so, we are building a Movement from the bottom up to collectively change the balance of power.

Principles of Operation

CCHW has been around since 1981 and has put together one of the best organizing, scientific and social justice teams in existence. Although our work is in the environmental field, we are interested more in helping people fight for social justice than insimply cleaning up the environment. Our definition of environment is broader than trees and natural resources, it includes the places where people live, work and play.

CCHW is a training and service organization, helping to build strong grassroots leadership. As such, we don't speak for people and don't do for people what they can and should do for themselves. Our main duty is to teach people how to empower themselves and fight their own battles. CCHW also connects people for mutual aid. This is the main reason we are able to serve so large a network—people in our network learn how to help each other out. It's become established practice for us to tell people at the beginning of their work with us that they are expected to help other people.

We do not compromise on the issues or on the principle that people have a right to control their own lives and decide their own issues. Because of this uncompromising stand, we often find ourselves alone among the national environmental groups in holding polluters, regulators, politicians and even some other environmental groups accountable for their positions on the issues and for the processes they use to reach those positions.

CCHW does not lobby on either laws or regulatory issues, does not engage in partisan politics and rarely deals with litigation. Because the work we do often takes us outside the mainstream, funding sources are

CCHW's Staff and Board of Directors as of Dec. 31, 1993

Board of Directors

CCHW is governed by a ten-member Board of Directors: five are local, grassroots leaders, one is from a national labor union and four are professionals. The board sets policy, reviews and approves projects, determines the budget, oversees finances and programs and supervises the Executive Director. We strive to have our board mirror our constituency. Our Board includes one Latina, two African Americans, one Native American and six women.



Rose Augustine, grassroots leader, Tucsonians for a Clean Environment, Tucson, Arizona.

Clyde Foster, grassroots leader and former mayor, Triana Concerned Citizens, Triana, Alabama.

Vilma Hunt, retired environmental health researcher Magnolia, Massachusetts.

Luella Kenny, grassroots leader, Love Canal Homeowners Association, Buffalo, New York,

Murray Levine, Ph.D., psychologist; professor, SUNY-Buffalo, New York.

Ken Miller, M.D., occupational health physician, OCAW and AFL-CIO, Annapolis, Maryland.

Beverly Paigen, Ph.D., environmental health researcher, Jackson Laboratories, Mt. Desert, Maine.

Suzi Ruhl, Esq., director, Legal Environmental Assistance Foundation, Tallahassee, Florida.

Pame Kingfisher, grassroots leader, Native Americans for a Clean Environment, Telequah, Oklahoma.

Alonso Spencer, grassroots leader, Save Our Country, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Staff

CCHW is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer. No person is discriminated against in terms of hiring, promotion, on-the-job training or opportunities on the basis of race, gender, age, sexual preference, disabilities or any other factor other than the person's qualifications. CCHW is committed to providing all available advancement opportunities to minorities and women, giving our employees every chance to grow and advance with our organization. We strive to have our staff mirror our constituency. Our fifteen member staff includes four African Americans, one Asian American, one Native American and ten women.



Ron Simon of the law firm Connerton, Ray and Simon, is CCHW's General Council. Ron also represents the American Legion, the National Coalition Against the Misuse of Pesticides and the Rachel Carson Clinic.

Special thanks to Dick Mitchell, CCHW volunteer.

limited. Our budget is lean, coming mainly from our members, foundations and churches. We don't take government or polluter money. Our approach to fundraising is to take money only when it can be used for things our members want and need. We will not take on a project simply because there is funding available.

Where We've Been

Closing Another Successful Year in the **Movement's History**



1993 has been a very exciting year for the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice. One of the brightest and most

exciting moments was our convention this past May. Over seven hundred people were in attendance, celebrating, sharing, learning and networking. It was wonderful to see how diversified our movement has become over the past twelve years and impressive to witness the skill and sophistication of today's grassroots leaders. But this comes as no surprise since the commitment and motivation of community groups grew stronger in 1993 than in any other year in CCHW's twelve year history.

We watched with great admiration the people living in the coal fields of Wise, Virginia, fighting and eventually winning a battle against sludge dumping on their lands. Other coal field warriors included those in Pennsylvania who beat back a soil burner, medical waste incinerator and other destructive disposal facilities.

It was encouraging to watch the ongoing fight in New Bedford, Massachusetts, as community activists brought the EPA to their knees over an unacceptable clean-up plan. The EPA, who once warned the New Bedford citizens, "If you do as we say there will be no trouble," found more trouble than they bargained for when residents passed every conceivable local law, effectively prohibiting the EPA from implementing its original plan and forcing it to seek safer alternatives.

In 1993, we were witness to the inspiring activities and successes of the Native American and Latino communities. Despite inflated promises of jobs, the Santa Rosa tribal people in southern California won their struggle against the siting of a medical waste incinerator on their land. They then began to developed a strategy to build their own economic health; to bring safe jobs while protecting their community.

Just as exciting was the ongoing struggle of Kettleman City, California, residents who continued their fight against the siting of a hazardous waste incinerator. After six years of struggle, the community finally won and the incinerator plans were abandoned.

This past year our folks joined with organized labor in the "spirited" fight against NAFTA. While every other traditional environmental group, except Sierra Club, supported this trade agreement, grassroots justice groups fought creatively against NAFTA at the local and state level. It was gratifying to see true democracy at work, although President Clinton called it arm twisting. The most encouraging result of fighting NAFTA was the building of bridges with organized

labor and so many other groups. We must continue to develop these relationships, continue to find common ground and combine our efforts for the struggles that lie ahead. In the coming year we would

like to see the formation of stronger statewide grassroots networks, increased communication between groups engaged in related fights, less corporate control of the media, and greater participation in grassroots struggles for environmental justice on the

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1993 than in any other year



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part of national environmental groups.

Among the many campaigns in which CCHW was involved this past year, the most far reaching were our efforts to save the Delaney Clause and throw out current risk assessment models, and to ban incineration nationwide. Through a postcard mailing campaign, CCHW alerted its entire membership asking them to write EPA's Carol Browner to ask her to leave the Delaney Clause intact. Delaney is our only zeroexposure standard for cancer-causing chemicals in processed foods. Currently, the EPA wants to kill Delaney and allow cancercausing chemicals in foods as long as they don't create more than one-in-a-million cancers in consumers. Our members have been fighting these death-defining risk assessments for years—consequently hundreds of people wrote to EPA to express their outrage.

Another highpoint in 1993 was the first ever "ban the burn" strategy conference attended by over one hundred grassroots leaders this past October. The energy from participants was overwhelming and the clear sense of dedication from leaders to "put the final nail in the incineration coffin" was inspiring. The first activity that will result from this

meeting will be the launching of The Year To Ban The Burn campaign on February 21st as part of our Justice Day activities.

Next year will be challenging for all of us as there are several major policy issues that will be decided. Our work will become increasingly more difficult as industry further develops their strategies in response to our efforts. Superfund

is up for re-authorization and the corporate push is to decrease polluter liability. *Delaney* will also be decided this coming year. If we don't want isolated cancer risk assessments to be used everywhere we need to increase public pressure on EPA and Congress to leave the *Delaney Clause* alone.

We must continue to be on the look-out for People for the West and other industry front groups, who continue to counter the efforts of grassroots groups and environmentalists by claiming that our efforts will cost jobs. They've even begun to look like us, adopting the grassroots organizing model to bring others into their "jobs or the environment" campaign. We need to show that jobs and a healthy environment can coexist together by increasing our efforts to help communities create their own economic stability through safe jobs and environmentally sensitive development.

Our continuing efforts to build an effective Movement for Environmental Justice must continue to address economic as well as environmental sustainability.

As we look back on 1993, CCHW is proud to have had the opportunity to work with so many dedicated and dynamic leaders nationwide. The Board and staff at CCHW are ready to take on the new challenges that lie ahead. We are excited about our unique ability to work with so many different people from all walks of life who all share a common commitment—fighting for justice for all people. Our deep, rich history continues to show us that people working together can and do make a world of difference.

-Lois Marie Gibbs



1993 Victories Against Incineration

Kettleman City, California - Chem Waste Lewiston Porter, New York - Chem Waste North Carolina (all across the state) - Thermal KEM East Chicago, Indiana - East Chicago Sanitary District Bryant Park, Washington, DC - Tri-County, Inc. Grant County, Washington - Von Roll Deepwater, New Jersey - Dupont Madison County, Florida - Company unknown* Augusta Township, Michigan - Envotech Clarion, Pennsylvania - Concord Resources Floyd County, Indiana - ESSROC Rosamond, California - National Cement Buckingham County, Virginia - AMENCO Pearland, Texas - National Medical Waste, Inc. New Bedford, Massachusetts - EPA Incinerator Santa Rosa Reservation, California - Medical Waste Systems

*We were unable to find the name of this company prior to going to press.

What We've Done

CCHW 1993 Campaigns



Convention- Over ten years of triumph in the toxic struggles of thousands of community groups was celebrated in May as CCHW

held its third National Grassroots Convention in Arlington, Virginia. Over seven hundred community activists, experts and grassroots leaders met during the three day event for organizing and issue workshops, motivating speeches by dynamic local and national leaders, planning sessions to set the platform for the Movement for Environmental Justice and to honor over one hundred dedicated grassroots leaders and groups for their years of courageous struggles.

Highlights of the convention included moving speeches by Angela Days and her son Joey, of Hands Across the River in Fairhaven, Massachusetts, and Pame Kingfisher from Native Americans for a Clean Environment, and the "people's trial" held at Environmental Protection Agency headquarters. Over three hundred convention attenders marched to EPA headquarters in southwest D.C. and held a mock trial where testimony was given from activists representing some of the most contaminated sites in the country. These sites were part of the Forgotten Faces: Contaminated Site of the Month campaign, and are among the hundreds of contaminated sites forgotten by the EPA. Activists from Kettleman City, California, Pensacola, Florida, New Bedford, Massachusetts and others testified to the neglect, inaction and indifference their communities have suffered at the hands of the EPA. Residents around the sites, particularly children, continue to live at risk from the toxic chemicals and bureaucratic indifference of EPA in cleaning up these sites. The trial concluded with the People convicting the EPA and Carol Browner of supreme negligence in allowing polluters to continue to contaminate their communities. Activists headed home from the convention with renewed inspiration to continue in their local efforts against government and corporate polluters.

Incineration Conference- The same spirit and dedication was evident five months later as over one hundred seasoned incinerator activists convened in Washington, D.C., in mid-October for the National Conference to End Incineration. Industry spies were also in attendance writing down all that was said in the hopes of derailing our future efforts. During two days of intense workshops and strategy sessions, leaders developed plans to tackle incineration of hazardous and solid wastes, as well as loopholes that allow, among other sham-recycling technologies, the burning of toxic waste in cement kilns. Key leaders and activists created local, state and nationwide action plans to guide our efforts for the new year. Some of those efforts will include: (1) strong local community organizing and direct action; (2) developing strategies to implement statewide bans on incineration; and (3) the formation of a nationwide Stop Incineration Network for information distribution and action coordination. Leaders declared 1994 the "year to ban the burn," and each person at the conference vowed to take back to their local groups the strategy ideas agreed upon to stop incineration nationwide. Contact CCHW to get involved in the Stop Incineration Network.

Delaney Clause- Consistent with its track record of promoting incineration at any cost to the health of local communities, EPA and Carol Browner initiated efforts in 1993 to eliminate the current law prohibiting cancer-causing chemicals in our food. Known as the Delaney Clause, this law is now under attack from all fronts: EPA, the Clinton Administration, the chemical industry, and the Big 10 enviro groups. These cozy bed-fellows want to use the hit-or-miss "science" of risk assessment to allow cancer-causing pesticides in our food. CCHW doesn't believe we can trust the government and indus-

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Organizing Assistance

In 1993, CCHW staff provided organizing and training assistance to community groups in the following locations:

Alabama Collinsville Emelle

California Arcata Benicia Desert Center

Ft. Bragg Humboldt County Kettleman City Laytonville

Livermore Mira Loma Riverside County San Francisco

Santa Cruz Santa Rosa Reservation Ukiah Willits

District of
Columbia
Brentwood
Bryant Park
Ft. Totten
Kenilworth-Parkside

Florida Pensacola Winter Park

Georgia Albany Athens Atlanta Brunswick Clinchfield Dublin Georgetown Macon

Macon Quitman City Savannah Sparta Statesboro Waynesboro

Illinois

Carbondale Chicago East St. Louis Linwood Sauk Village Sterling Urbana Woodstock

Indiana Bloomington East Chicago Ft. Wayne Gary Griffith
Indianapolis
Marion
Michigan City
Mt. Vernon
New Albany
Sellersburg
Valparaiso

lowa Davenport

Whiting

Maryland Bayard Mattaponi Basin St. Mary's County

Michigan Ann Arbor Detroit Lansing Muskegon Westland Ypsilantei

Minnesota Hastings Prairie Island St. Paul

Mississippi Boliva County Columbia Tougaloo

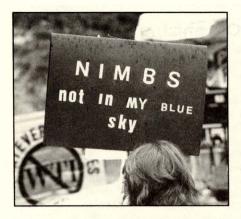
Missouri Clay County St. Louis

Nebraska Boyd County

New Jersey Bloomsfield Deepwater Edison Newark Rahway Sayreville Toms River

New York Albany Boonville Geneseo Leicester Newport Niagara Falls Syracuse Utica

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try to safely allow small concentrations of chemicals in our food that will "only" cause one cancer death per million people. As part of our work with the grassroots and the few national groups working to keep carcinogens out of our food supply, CCHW wrote to the major food processing corporations, asking for their support in keeping *Delaney*. Shockingly, major food processor **Dole Food**Company went to great lengths explaining why cancer-causing chemicals should be allowed in the food they sell us.

Overturning *Delaney* will set a dangerous precedent in allowing poisons in our food. Once established, this policy can then easily be applied to other issues of toxic exposure. If it is okay to put deadly chemicals in our food, what will stop the EPA-chemical industry from campaigning to allow carcinogens in ever increasing amounts in our drinking water, soil at Superfund sites, or in the air we breathe? This battle will continue in Congress in 1994.

Economic Development-So often, dumps, incinerators and other toxic facilities are sold to local governments as economic development projects; job creators in communities faced with shrinking budgets. In many locales, groups successful in keeping out potential polluters want to know how to shape their community's economic future in a sustainable, non-toxic manner. To help communities address the issues of who controls economic development locally and how groups can influence these decisions, CCHW has launched the Sustainable Development Project. The project kicked off this year with an assessment of information and organizations already available as resources to grassroots groups. This information is synthesized in CCHW's Economic Development factpack. In the coming years we plan to develop a guidebook on economic development and a training program to teach grassroots groups how to successfully influence the economic future of their communities.

Native Americans for a Clean Environment (NACE) is a perfect example of a group struggling to keep polluting industries from consistently targeting their area, by creating their own economic development. NACE, a grassroots environmental organization, had been fighting battle after battle to bring

corporate and government accountability to the Sequoyah Fuels facility. Now closed, the facility had dumped thousands of tons of radioactive waste into the surrounding air, land and water. NACE knew they had to not only get involved in the Economic Development of their area, but to lead the way. NACE developed the Community Economic Renewal Project, a step by step process that helps a community to come together to build a sustainable economy through community collaboration.

NAFTA-Some people feel that the grassroots efforts againt NAFTA suffered a great setback when Congress passed NAFTA in May. Those who fought against its passage know, however, that something more important came out of that battle. Never before in the history of the Movement have so many diverse groups come together to combine their efforts toward a common goal-to defeat NAFTA. This campaign brought together the diverse interests of unions, farm groups and grassroots toxics groups, among others, all of whom stood against this agreement. CCHW will continue its work in the coming year to build bridges with social justice groups brought together during the NAFTA fight in the hopes of creating a broader Movement.

A significant step to build these bridges will be **Justice Day**. To be held February 21, 1994, **Justice Day** will provide groups in the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice an opportunity to take action on their issues locally, make connections with other social justice groups in their community, and be part of a nationwide event with thousands of other participants. For too long our opponents in big business and government have tried to divide all who work for social justice by the issues we work on.

CCHW has undertaken Justice Day as a means to foster the development of working relationships among all social justice groups, regardless of issue. CCHW has worked throughout the past year to spread the word and link up diverse groups working for social justice including labor groups, people of color groups, health care advocates, women's groups, grassroots environmental justice groups, environmentalists, low income groups and the fair trade coalition. Justice Day will demonstrate that the power of the people will not be divided by race, income, gender or issue.

What We Do

CCHW's Programs and Services



For more than a decade, CCHW has worked with community leaders across the country to protect our natural resources and the pub-

lic health by securing the participation of well-informed and well-organized citizens in the decisions that govern our environmental future. Through our organizing and leadership development, technical assistance, and information services, we empower grassroots activists to overcome barriers of class and race to influence the policy process and protect the environment. CCHW has helped thousands of grassroots, community-based groups across the country who have worked to preserve our natural resources, protect public health from unnecessary risks and have begun the journey down an environmentally sustainable path for tomorrow.

Organizing and Leadership Development Programs

Whether it is over the phone or face-to-face, the primary goal of our Organizing Assistance and Leadership Development Program is to empower communities. We do this by working with people to break overwhelming problems down into manageable "action steps" and helping them develop the skills and knowledge they need to effectively carry out those steps. In keeping with our philosophy of teaching and empowering, we only help when our help is requested, and we refer people to a nearby community group we have worked with in the past whenever possible. We believe this mutual aid is an important step in the process of fully empowering communities and building a united force to protect the environment and public health.

Organizers from our home office and field offices across the country spend half of their time on the road visiting community groups who invite us to help them in their struggles. The other half of their time is spent on the phone answering hundreds of inquiries a month. We conduct workshops on skills and issues, attend community meetings to talk through strategies, and organize and participate in conferences nationally.

Local Leadership Apprentice Program

The number of leaders from the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice is growing. People from all walks of liferich, poor, black, white, Hispanic and Native American, a majority of them women have become involved, rallying together to effect change at the local, state and federal levels. But after they have won their fight, local leaders often cannot simply turn their backs on the struggle for justice. Their work with community issues gives them an understanding of political and social power structures, as well as a personal sense of empowerment, which they want to continue to employ beyond the resolution of their local issue. Some leaders feel a sense of responsibility, a need to share what they know. Other leaders commit themselves to help fight other injustices simply because the present system is so unfair. Still others get the struggle for justice "in their blood" and need to continue this kind of work for the unique satisfactions it provides. They want to help empower others, build bridges with leaders outside their geographical area, or tackle other local issues such as economic development or affordable housing.

CCHW's Local Leadership Apprentice

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Organizing Assistance con't

North Carolina Charlotte

Greenville
Purlear
Stanley County

Wilkesboro
Woodlawn

Ohio
Athens
Cincinnati
Cleveland
Columbus
Dayton
East Liverpool
Finley
Lima
Toledo
Walhunding

Oklahoma Sac & Fox Reservation

Talequah

Yellow Springs

Pennsylvania Downington Harrisburg

Hazleton Mt. Pocono Pottsville Summit Station

Tennessee Greenville Knoxville New Market Oliver Springs

Texas El Paso Waco Waller County Utah East Carbon

Virginia Abingdon Amelia County Blacksburg **Botetourt** Brunswick **Buckingham County** Christiansburg Danville Fairfax Floyd Gloucester Harrisonburg Henry County King George County Marion Martinsville **Montgomery County** Newcastle Radford Richmond

West Virginia
Cabin Creek
Charleston
Eleanor
Oak Hill
Peterstown
Union

Roanoke Saltville

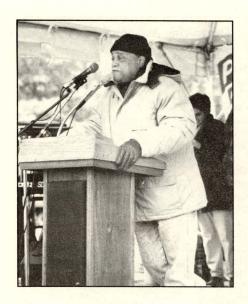
Troutville

Wise County

Wytheville

Wisconsin Baraboo Edgerton Madison Milton Milwaukee





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Program (LLAP) directly assists activists who want to take this next step. By establishing a mentor relationship between local leaders and experienced CCHW staff, LLAP provides advanced training and growth opportunities for those ready to move into bigger issues and service regions. It also makes these apprentices available as a resource to the ever increasing numbers of newly forming grassroots groups who seek organizing assistance. The result is a larger, stronger Movement for Environmental Justice. Marina Ortega, our first apprentice, was active in community issues in Santa Ysabel, California, for ten years before joining this program. Much of her work involved solid waste disposal issues on Native American lands in southern California. Now, through the LLAP, she is greatly expanding her work with tribes throughout California, and networking with groups fighting for environmental justice in Mexico as well.

Community Leadership Development Grants

The Community Leadership Development Grant Program ("mini-grant" program) has

become an integral part of CCHW's organizing and training activities. The purpose of the mini-grant program, which began in 1989, is to build strong local groups that will effect social change in communities and eventually have impact nationwide as part of the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice.

The primary goal of the program is to provide training and leadership develop-

ment for grassroots community leaders. This training could include specific skill building activities or organizational development work. By providing training through the mini-grant program, CCHW seeks to development.

op local leadership that is better able to identify and secure solutions to environmental hazards. The mini-grant program provides the opportunity to sharpen individual and organizational skills. This is best done in small group activity sessions that are specifically focused on the individual needs of a group.

Southern Echo of Jackson, Mississippi, was one of the groups funded by the mini-grant program in 1993. Southern Echo conducted a three day training at Tougaloo College in Tougaloo, Mississippi, entitled "Organizing Against Environmental Racism: How People Can Use Their Power to Protect Their Communities." More than seventy predominantly low income persons from twentyfour counties across the state attended. Activities focused on understanding the nature of the environment, the relationship of the political and economic processes to the environment and the role of community organizations and organizing in impacting the formation of public policy on environmental issues.

People Organized in Defense of Earth and its Resources (PODER) from Austin, Texas, was also funded by the mini-grant program. PODER held fourteen training events that were attended by more than six hundred people in the predominantly Latino neighborhoods of Austin. There were six workshops addressing the healths effects of electromagnetic frequency (EMFs), three workshops on "How to Complain," addressing air pollution problems, 3 workshops on conducting a health survey in your community, and two workshops on understanding government agencies.

In 1993, CCHW provided more than \$100,000 to forty-two community groups as part of the mini-grant program. A complete list of these groups is shown on page 13.

Technical Assistance

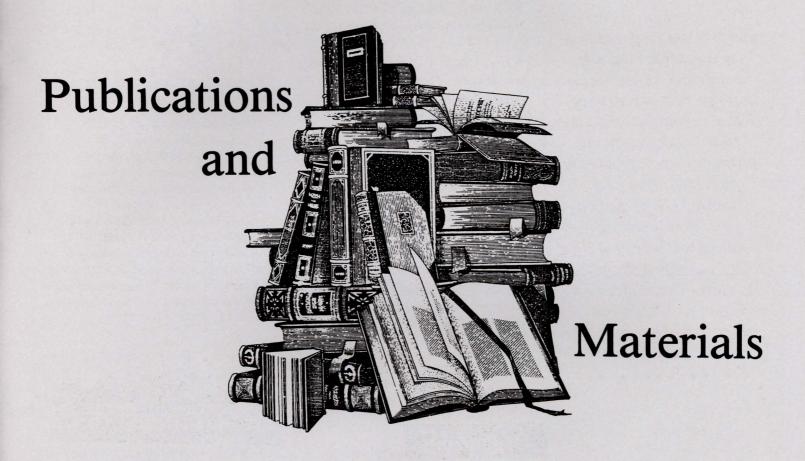
The environmental issues which communities confront are extremely complex. Our technical assistance programs de-mystify the scientific aspect of these issues by translating jargon into plain language, by teaching people how to distinguish good information from bad information, and by

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Santa Rosa Reservation, California

In September 1993, members of the Santa Rosa Band of Mission Indians contacted CCHW's Local Leadership Apprentice Marina Ortega. A proposed medical waste incinerator and mono-fill had raised health concerns. Over the next two months Marina worked with the residents to educate the community on the hazards of med-waste incineration and the Baltimore-based company that had submitted the proposal. Marina was able to connect the Santa Rosa group with a Baltimore, Maryland, citizen's group that had been fighting the company for several years. Even though the company and its representatives were claiming bankruptcy in Maryland, they presented a totally different picture to this California community. Both communities benefitted from sharing information. The Santa Rosa Tribe voted to not accept the incinerator proposal, and the Baltimore group was able to expose the duplicity of this Maryland company.

Citizens Clearinghouse for Hazardous Waste



Here's some of our newest resources!

Our fact pack *Race as a Siting Factor* has been updated and expanded. Now called *Environmental Racism*, this resource contains over 50 pages of the most up-to-date and useful information and articles on this critical issue. Topics covered include siting on Native American lands, exclusionary policies of mainstream environmental groups, and the actions communities of color are taking to combat environmental racism.

Wondering what is sprayed on the food you eat and what effects it may have on you and your children? CCHW staffers have just completed a new manual *Pesticides in Your Community* that will help you gain a better understanding of pesticides and may answer some of the questions you have regarding these chemicals. This guidebook contains over 30 pages of the latest information on pesticides and their usage in the United States. As industries try to weaken laws on pesticide use, it is

important that everyone understands the impact pesticides have on our environment and our communities.

Our printouts of the EPA's CERCLIS database of toxic waste sites has been updated to June 1993. The CERCLIS listing is a comprehensive inventory of more than 30,000 sites that have been identified as real or potential hazardous waste sites. If you are concerned about potential sites in your area, this state-by-state listing can be a first step in collecting the information you need to take action in your community.

Are you interested in how to bring clean, green economic development to your community? CCHW's newly completed fact pack *Sustainable Economic Development* will show you how.

Unsure as to what materials fit your needs? Whether it's organizing, science, corporate, you name it, we have a staff of experts that will be happy to assist you through this wealth of information! Just give us a call.

"Our community organized and fought a proposed toxic waste incinerator, ash landfill and solvent recovery system two years ago. We successfully stopped the state from condemning privately owned, productive farm land. When I got involved one of the first pieces of literature I received was a copy of How To Deal With A Proposed Facility. That booklet and many other CCHW materials proved to be invaluable in our successful effort.

General Reading

1. Love Canal: My Story

By Lois Gibbs. The inside story on the LCHA's successful organizing for the buy out of 900 families from Love Canal. We've all learned a lot from this fight. **Hardbound edition. List:** \$12.95, Your Price: \$9.95.

7. Love Canal: A Chronology of Events that Shaped a Movement

The Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice began at Love Canal. Find out how, in the words of those who were there. Includes great health effects/pollutant charts and maps that could be a model for your community. pp. 86, \$9.95

59. Environmental Justice Songbook Over 80 songs by grassroots activists. Bring music into your fight for environmental justice. pp. 60, \$9.95

Everyone's Backyard

Bi-monthly journal of the Movement For Environmental Justice. Published by CCHW, includes legal, scientific, organizing and general information about the grassroots environmental movement. Subscription \$25.00 year.



"Everyone's Backyard offers the latest on community victories—how they organized and how they won—written by community activists from all over the country. Each exciting issue is packed with cutting edge information that will keep you up to date on what's happening in the Environmental Justice Movement!"



Organizing

2. Fight to Win: A Leader's Manual

How to start a group keep it going, research opponents, organize your community, carry out effective action, raise funds and win! pp. 59, \$7.50

33. How to Deal with a Proposed Facility

Called "the bible" by some activists this is our best tactical manual on how to STOP a bad facility from locating in your community. **3rd edition** pp. 35, \$6.95

54. The Polluters "Secret" Plan... and How You Can Mess It Up!

Unveils industry and government tricks to overcome community opposition and provides advice on how to fight back and win! pp. 36, Community Groups \$6.95, all others: \$199.95

43. How to Deal with Trouble The truth about legal and physical threats, "spies" and many other nightmares grassroots leaders have, pp. 43, \$7.95

65. How to Win In Public Hearings

By Itzchak E. Kornfeld, Wilma Subra and Will Collette. Practical advice on how to either beat the polluters at their own game, or, if that fails, how to take over hearings. \$6.95 for citizen activists /\$199.95 for all others.

26. 200+ Questions about New Sites

A helpful list of questions you should ask polluters and govt. agencies that will help point out weaknesses in their proposed projects. pp. 8, \$3.00

6. Research Guide for Leaders

How to research opponents, investigate polluters and combine research with effective tactics. **2nd edition** pp. 18, \$3.50

52. How to Raise & Manage Money

Gives you practical advice on developing budgets, holding fundraising events, and applying for grants. pp. 54, \$6.50

35. Media Means

Gives you solid tips on writing effective news releases and public service announcements, and on maintaining good relations with the media. pp. 42, \$7.50

57. Using Your Right-To-Know:

Dealing With Operating Facilities

How to find out about the toxic chemicals stored or discharged in your community, and how to take action with your new information. pp. 71+, \$9.95

47. Solid Waste Action Guidebook

What is solid wastes? The pros and cons of dumps, incinerators, and recycling. How other groups have organized to fight and win against bad proposals. pp. 58, 8.98

29. **Transportation: Danger on the Road** Helps you assess hazards from toxic transport through your community with practical advice on how to protect your community. pp. 40, \$7.95

58. Empowering Ourselves: Women and Toxics Organizing

Covers dealing with stress, balancing being a mother and organizer, maintaining your marriage, and much more. This is a collection of material by many women with diverse backgrounds who gathered at a CCHW Roundtable. pp. 60, \$9.95

11. User's Guide to Experts

Answers common questions and gives proven techniques to get your money's worth. pp. 31, \$5.75

19. Best of Organizing Toolbox: 1981 to Present

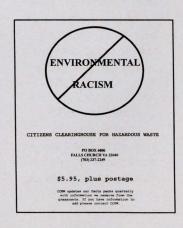
Reprints of our column offering organizing tips. Includes door-knocking meetings negotiations, burn-out, opponents counter-attacks, cleaning up dumps, experts, politicians group diversity and much more. pp. 64, \$10.00

50. Making it Happen: How to Put on a Leadership Development Conference What to do and what not to do when planning and carrying out training events for grassroots toxics leaders. pp. 28, \$5.00

Fact Packs

News Clips and great information from our files which we've put together for your use. Only \$2.00 each (except where noted):

- n. Community Stress
- p. Women and Burn-Out
- w. Environmental Racism \$5.95
- x. Do Waste Sites Create Jobs?
- ee. Waste Site Effects on Property Values
- af. SLAPP Back Fact Pack
- eco. Sustainable Economic Development \$5.95



"Race proved to be the most significant among variables tested in association with the location of commercial hazardous waste facilities.
This represented a consistent national pattern."

Science, Technologies and Waste

9. Common Questions About Health Effects How we are exposed to toxics, what chemicals do to us, and facts vs. myths. pp. 25, \$6.95

10. Community Health Surveys

"Science can be a power-

ful tool for community

groups, but only if they

recognize what it can tell

them, what it can't and

only if they learn how to

use the information and

not just collect it."

Complete handbook on around environmental health studies. Includes step by step discussion of how to do studies and includes adult and child health questionnaires. pp. 35, \$10

25. Center for Disease Control: Coverup, Deceit and Confusion

How the Federal health agency - CDC and ATSDR - sets up studies to coverup community health problems. Includes specific examples. pp. 25, \$4.95

60. Environmental Health Monthly

Monthly publication that reprints detailed studies/articles on health effects caused by various chemical exposures. Help educate your community physician or your group by subscribing to this valuable monthly. Community Groups \$15.00 Health Professionals \$35.00

14msw. Solid Waste Incineration: The Rush to Burn

Deals with technological marvels like the "Miami Monster" and the serious problems of mass burn trash incineration. 2nd edition pp. 64, \$9.95

32. Recycling: The Answer to Our Garbage Problem

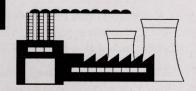
Say no to landfills & incineration! Use this book to learn why and how your community can recycle instead. pp. 96+, \$9.95

28. Reduction of Hazardous Waste: The Only Serious Option

"Well, what do we do with it?" Helps you

learn methods available NOW to polluters which are not only pollution-free, but can bring in higher profits. pp. 51+, \$8.98

Community A just completed, 30 page manual, that will answer many questions you have concerning pesticide use



53. Massburn Status Report

New UPDATED version. A printout from CCHW's computer database with the latest information on incinerators. Includes a list of problems at incinerators by company, pp. 30+, Community Groups \$7.50/\$99.99 everyone else.

34. Advanced Technologies

This manual details the best "cutting edge" technologies for dealing with waste as well as site cleanup. pp. 54+, \$8.95

14hz. Hazardous Waste Incineration: The Burning Issue

The problems and pitfalls of conventional hazardous waste incineration. 2nd edition pp. 105, \$8.95

27. Land Disposal: Dinosaur of Disposal Methods

Provides facts, case studies and arguments to show the dangers of land disposing of waste. The "State of The Art" is only the most recent idea. pp. 65+, \$9.00

8tt. Land Farming Sludge

A compilation of newsclips, articles and scientific papers on what's in sludge and how communities are dealing with this issue. New EXPANDED version. \$5.95

15. Deepwell Injection: An Explosive Issue

60% of U.S. toxic waste is pumped into wells. Find out if you have an injection well in your backyard and what you can do about it. pp. 73, \$7.95

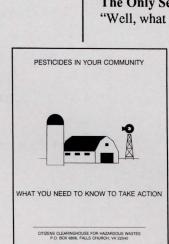
13. Environmental Testing

Where to look, what you want to look for, how to get proper testing and what the results means. 2nd edition pp. 69, \$9.95

30. How Clean is Clean

De-mystifies the technical debate over cleanup standards for contaminated sites. Discusses grassroots strategies for winning the best cleanup not the cheapest. pp. 23, \$4.95

31. Safety Plans: What You Need to Know After the cleanup is negotiated the next step is ensuring the job doesn't expose your community to danger. This manual tells you how. pp. 25+, \$6.95



49. **Drinking Water: An Endangered Resource** A must for concerned citizens who want to protect their drinking water. pp. 48+, \$7.50

48. Drinking Water Filters

Gives the straight scoop on the various types of water systems. pp. 28+, \$6.95

56. Technical Assistance Grants: A User's Guide

If you're site is on Superfund, you may be eligible for a \$50,000 TAG. EPA's guidebooks are confusing. CCHW's tells you how a TAG may help your group, and how to fill out the forms. pp. 30+, \$7.95

36. Dealing with Military Toxics

The Pentagon has more toxic sites than Superfund; produces more toxic wastes than many chemical companies; find out the extent of the problem and what you can do. pp. 23+, \$5.95

63. Medical Waste: Public Health vs. Private Profit

Everything you wanted to know about medical waste, how it's disposed, pitfalls of the industry, how to fight back and win against medical waste in your community pp. 33 Community Groups \$8.50/\$99.99 everyone else.

55. Radon: Problems and Solutions What it is, where it comes from and what you can do. pp. 30+, \$6.95

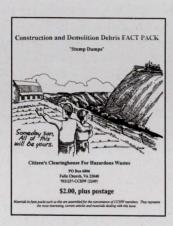
20. Best of Science Features

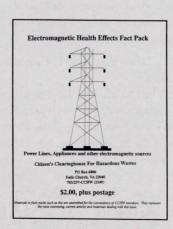
Reprints of science columns from Everyone's Backyard. Includes water testing and filters, landfills, incineration, recycling, medical waste, sludge, soil burners, scientists' favorite lies & lines plus more. pp. 80, \$4.50

Fact Packs

News Clips and great information from our files which we've put together for your use. Only \$2.00 each:

- k. PCBs
- oo. Dioxin (TCDD) Toxicity
- pp. Lead Toxicity
- i. Lawn Care and Pesticides
- qq. Burning Hazardous Waste in Cement Kilns
- b. Incinerator Ash
- ss. Construction/Demolition Waste
- tt. Sludge
- uu. Composting Yard Waste/ Organic Waste
- c. "State of the Art" Landfill Liners
- ae. Burnin' Rubber: Tire Incineration
- ii. "Backhauling": Food in Waste Trucks
- nn. Recycling Household Batteries
- f. Household Hazardous Waste
- aj. Soil Burners
- xx. Pulp and Paper Mill Wastes
- ww. Wood Preservatives
- rr. Power Lines Microwave Radiation
- vv. Cancer Clusters
- z Victim's Compensation
- 8d. McFact-Pack All about styrofoam. \$5.00





"In almost every case, the essential ingredient has been citizen initiative, input and involvement. Scientific technique is neccessary and plays a role, but its importance pales in comparison to the efforts of local community groups."

"Your fact pack on Amoco/Waste Tech was a major player, through you we acquired the names of their parent and sister companies, and their violations. And as they say, the rest is history!

Corporate

**In May of last year, Waste Management, Inc. changed its name to WMX Technologies and Services.

8zz. The Nationwide anti-trust Conspiracy Case Against BFI and WMX Technologies

Evidence presented by plaintiffs' lawyers accusing WMX and BFI of a nationwide conspiracy to fix prices for garbage disposal. BFI and WMX settled the case by paying \$50M. pp. 120 \$15.00

45. WMX Technologies: Corporate Profile

Everything you ever wanted to know about who they are and where they came from. pp. 76 plus new updates, \$9.95

45A. WMX Technologies Update Continually updated collection of articles and information. \$2.00

45B. WMX Technologies Compliance History WMX had to file this 10 year history of their violations with Pennsylvania. Use their own words to help explain why you don't want them around. pp. 74, \$10.00

45C.WMX Technologies Reports
Read all about what San Diego and
Ventura counties in California discovered
about WMX after their own investigations. Both reports are packaged together.
\$16.00

46. Browning-Ferris Corporate Profile Everything you ever wanted to know about who they are and where they came from. pp. 47 plus new Updates, \$8.00

46A. **Browning-Ferris Update**Continually updated collection of articles and information. \$2.00

46B. Browning-Ferris Compliance History

BFI had to file this 10 year history of their violations with Pennsylvania Use their own words to help explain why you don't want them around. pp. 60, \$10.00



Fact Packs \$2.00 each

- j. IT Corporation Problems
- aa. Ogden Martin Corporate Info.
- bb. GSX/Laidlaw Corporate Info.
- cc. Track Record of the Hazardous
- Waste Incineration Industry
- dd. ENSCO Corporate Info.
- ff. Recontek Corporate Info.
- hh. Kodak Corporate Info.
- kk. Dupont Corporate Info.
- II. Waste Tech/Amoco Corporate Info.
- mm. Union Pacific/USPCI Corp. Info. yy. Mid-American Corporate Info.
- ab. Clean Harbors Corporate Info.
- ad. Chambers Corporate Info.
- jj. Bad Actor Laws
- ac. Westinghouse Corporate Info.
- ag. Monsanto Corporate Info.
- ah. Wheelabrator
- ai. Asea Brown Boveri, Ltd. Corporate Info.

Legal

12. User's Guide to Lawyers

The pros and cons of hiring a lawyer for your fight, how to make sure they are working for you, legal tricks & tactics. **2nd edition** pp. 31, \$5.75

16. Should Your Group Incorporate? Points out some problems and gives practical advice on incorporating. Includes document samples. pp. 19, \$6.25

18. Best of Legal Corner

Reprints of Ron Simon's, CCHW General Counsel, column in Everyone's Backyard. Includes articles on hiring and firing a lawyer, libel, slander class actions, settlements, statutes of limitations and more. pp. 22, \$4.50

TOXIC WASTE SITE LISTS

EPA's computer printout of known and suspected toxic waste sites for every state an the U.S. Territories. Name the states you want. \$2.50 each

66. CCHW Tote Bag Durable 100 % cotton, natural color tote bag imprinted with People United For Environmental Justice logo. Perfect for carrying your CCHW guidebooks to your community meetings. \$10.00

Convention Memorabilia

Convention '93 Video A video tape will be available covering the Tenth Anniversary CCHW Convention. Entitled "The Will to Power," the tape covers the highlights of the weekend: the march on the EPA, guest speakers and interviews with people from around the country airing their concerns, beliefs and strategies. Approx. 90 minutes long, \$15.00.

41. Ten Years of Triumph Written by activists from the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice and covering their unique visions of the past, present and future of the movement. This is definitely a book you will want to include in your collection. pp. 94, \$15.00.

Anniversary Convention Mugs 10 ounce, clear glass mugs with the CCHW convention logo (logo shown at right) make a great gift. Buy a set and use them at your next rally, fundraiser or group meeting. 1 for \$5.00, 2 for \$8.00, 3 for \$10.00, a set of 6 for \$18.00 or a case (36 in all) for \$90.00.

Buttons and Stickers Commemorate Ten Years of Triumph with two fantastic items: A 1 x 2 inch rectangular button sporting the convention logo in purple on a white background or the familiar People United logo in green on a circular white button (approx. 1.5 inches in diameter). \$1.00

We also have the People United logo on a great looking sticker. Perfect for plastering on notebooks, car bumpers or any old place. The logo appears in navy blue on a white background. (Approx. 4.5 inches in diameter). \$.25 each.

T-shirts

Say it with a T-shirt! Protests, rallies and attendance at public meetings are much more affective if everyone is wearing the same T-shirt. The message to your opponent: "We are working together and will not be silenced." All T-shirts are 100% cotton. \$10.00



Available in heather gray with purple, green and white logo; or teal with red, black and white logo.



Available in white with a black and red graphic





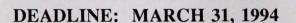
Available in black with a white and red graphic



Available in: white T with a red and blue logo; dark blue T with white and light blue logo; or black T with white and red logo.

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CCHW ANNOUNCES A SECOND ROUND OF MINI-GRANTS FOR 1994







Do you want to sharpen your organizing skills? **O**r learn ways your organization can be more effective? If you answered yes to these questions, you and your group are candidates for CCHW's mini-grant program.

CCHW provides small grants (\$500 to \$5,000) to grassroots community groups through our Community Leadership Development Grants Program, also known as the "mini-grants" program. The purpose of this program is to build strong local community groups that will effect change in communities and eventually have impact nationwide as part of the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice.

The primary goal of the program is to provide specific training and leadership development for grassroots community leaders. This training could include specific skill building activities or organizational development work. CCHW can provide the training you need or we can help you identify trainers or others who can help meet your needs.

A priority focus for the mini-grant program is to provide funds to grassroots community based organizations. These organizations should define their own goals and objectives, make their own decisions and be lead by local leaders. Larger than local organizations that work closely with grassroots groups are eligible. Statewide and multi-issue groups also qualify but are not a priority focus of the program. National staffed organizations or their affiliates need not apply.

It's easy to apply. All you have to do is answer 7 questions about your group and your plan for training. Applications are reviewed by an independent review board. Call or write CCHW for more information and to obtain a copy of the application. CCHW, CLDG Program, P.O. Box 6806, Falls Church, VA 22040, (703) 237-CCHW (2249).

encouraging people to trust in their own common sense. Our technical assistance has three main elements. We provide direct assistance, such as answering a question over the phone about a particular chemical. We conduct Science for the People training sessions to empower community activists to tackle technical issues by giving them the skills and knowledge to gather, understand and disseminate information on their own. We also prepare easy-to-understand technical reviews of clean-up plans, environmental impact studies and similar reports that EPA and waste handlers publish for community review.

Technical reviews are the most important component of our Technical Assistance Program. Without this service many groups would be unaware of and unable to expose the dangers polluting facilities pose to their communities or understand alternative cleanup, disposal and manufacturing methods. Our technical reviews are often the only "scientific critique" a community, county commission or town council has aside from the information presented by the corporation or polluter on health and environmental impacts. CCHW is the only national environmental group that provides this vital service to grassroots groups.

Information Services

Because we have contacts throughout the environmental, scientific, public health and organizing fields, we are able to get hard-to-find information and distribute it quickly to the people in disenfranchised communities who need it most. Of particular importance to the groups we work with is our corporate information. We have files on over 350 corporations, and we publish 24 Corporate Fact Packs and 3 Corporate Profile hand-books. In addition, we provide information over the phone and conduct workshops to teach people how to do their own corporate research.

CCHW also publishes 44 guidebooks and 28 fact packs on issues of interest to community groups. We keep the prices of the publications low so that anyone can afford them. We are always updating our publications and adding new publications as needed to reflect the changing needs of the communi-

ties we serve. In 1993 we published Pesticides in Your Community and Ten Years of Triumph (our 1993 anniversary convention book). We developed and published five new fact packs: Sustainable Economic Development, Sludge, Soil Burners, Wheelabrator and Asea, Brown and Boveri, Ltd. We also

revised the Best of Organizing Toolbox and our Environmental Racism and Burning Hazardous Waste Cement Kilns fact packs. CCHW publishes Everyone's Backyard, a bimonthly magazine that educates community activists on issues of public health, environmental problems and organizing tools. Everyone's Backyard is the voice of the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice. We also publish Environmental Health Monthly, designed to update health professionals and community leaders on the

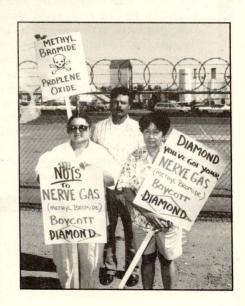
most recent research on the health effects that result from chemical exposures in community settings. For a complete listing of our publications please see the *Publications Insert*.

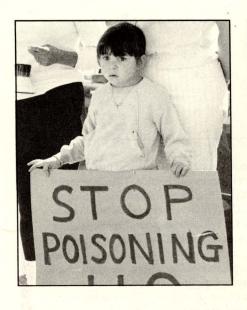
And finally, in an effort to move into the information age, CCHW will be developing an electronic bulletin board system (BBS). The BBS will be made available to our members and all individuals and groups with an interest in the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice. It is our hope that providing another means by which information can be accessed will help strengthen the grassroots network. We are hoping to have the BBS available by mid year.

**

If you are interested, please respond by sending e-mail on Internet to: Guenther@wam.umd.edu or call CCHW to give us your opinion.

One of CCHW's more recent technical reviews was for Citizen's Against Toxic Exposure in Pensacola, Florida. This community is exposed to contaminants from a wood treating facility, a nearby Superfund site. CCHW reviewed a proposed health study designed by the Agency for Toxic Substances Disease Registry (ATSDR). Our technical review found two major flaws in the study. First ATSDR, without any explanation, planned to eliminate children under 8 years of age from the study even though it was respiratory disease among children that was the major health complaint of the community. Second, the most affected 75 homes around the facility contained about 300 people, but ATSDR planned to include everyone within half a mile in the study, about 5,000 people, and to randomly sample a group of 300 participants. The most heavily exposed individuals had less than a 10 percent chance of being included in the study; many participants chosen on a random basis would have had little or no exposure to the contaminants. The health problems of the 300 affected residents living near the site would have been diluted by the many unexposed people in the study. Armed with CCHW's technical review, the community is asking ATSDR for a revised study plan that includes the children and uses exposure as the major selection criteria for participation.





CCHW Organizes Inside the Beltway

block in the community.

of the soil burner.

The Bryant Park Homeowners' Association is a coalition of

neighborhood groups from the Rhode Island Avenue area of

Washington, D.C. This area is rife with illegal dumpsites, dirty

recycling yards and city-owned mountains of contaminated dirt.

The Homeowners' Association approached CCHW when a Tri-

County Industries toxic soil incinerator was proposed for a residential

CCHW supplied the group with technical information on soil

burners and were invited to present our "How to Win in Public

Hearings" workshop to prepare residents for a meeting with the

local city council representative who supported the proposed

facility. Following a successful workshop the Homeowners'

Association met with their councilman and Tri-County Industries.

The group had a turnout of over 200 residents who voiced their

concerns and maintained control of the meeting. Seeing the public

opposition, the councilman was quick to reverse his previous

endorsement of the facility. The meeting also had an added benefit.

After the widespread news coverage of the event, the Mayor's

office called the organization to schedule a meeting. Tim Moore of

the Homeowners' Association contacted CCHW for advice on how

to conduct the meeting. Seven leaders of the group met with the

Mayor and were pleased to receive her promise to stop construction

Relocation

Love Canal, New York, and Times Beach, Missouri, are two towns made famous by relocation of entire communities threatened with toxic waste. CCHW has worked with almost a dozen other citizens groups across the nation at sites where emergency evacuations or relocations have taken place.

Providing direct help, CCHW worked with five communities in 1993 where citizens groups were asking for relocation or were forced to evacuate by government officials.

Savannah Place, Georgia- A moderate income neighborhood, was built on an old landfill. Explosive methane gas was leaking from the ground in such dangerous quantities that the National Guard immediately instigated evacuations in one section of the neighborhood several years ago. Residents not evacuated as well as those that were forced to relocate continued to call CCHW for several phone consultations on political strategies for compensation and to have

> health questions answered.

Laytonville, California- The largely Native American population, concerned for their health and angry at being completely left out of the decisionmaking process, has fought for closure of a leaking, toxic landfill for six years. In January 1993 of the Laytonville Dumpbusters, a local group, contacted CCHW. We assisted them in uniting the community, networking with other Mendocino County residents and

with environmental groups, and implementing a local recycling plan. Unrelenting pressure from the group finally prompted the

Board of Advisors to vote for the dump's closure in August. CCHW's western organizer, Anna Marie Stenberg, has been meeting with the dump fighters to win relocation for those who wish to leave.

Oriskany, New York- The site of another old, leaking and dangerous landfill. On a site visit to the area, CCHW organizers connected with residents of Oriskany to discuss issues and strategies around relocation. CCHW is planning another site visit for 1994.

Austin, Texas-An emergency evacuation of the Waters Bend Apartment complex led to dramatic gains for local residents. CCHW worked with local leaders in the Lone Star State to document poisonous landfill leachate flowing into the Waters Bend public housing project. The dramatic photographic evidence forced the city to relocate the hundreds of residents on an emergency basis. Afterwards, local leader Kim Phillips, working with the statewide Parent Teacher Association in Texas, was the driving force behind passing legislation which will stop any new public schools from being built on old dumps.

Columbia, Mississippi - Jesus People Against Pollution (JPAP) have been fighting for relocation for several years. Their community has become polluted from a Reichold Chemical Superfund dump. This community is a low income African American community which has lived there for several generations. Now the residents believe it is not safe to raise their families in this polluted area. As a result JPAP have asked the Environmental Protection Agency to provide relocation funds to allow families to move to a safer environment. Secondly, they asked that the relocations funds be contracted to local businesses so that the residents can gain the jobs and the economic benefits of building new homes instead of giving benefits to some outside construction company.

CCHW meet with several leaders of the groups to discuss what the relocation package should include. What should they think about in providing benefits to property owners, renters, utility hookups and moving costs? As a result of these discussion with staff, the leaders went back better prepared to enter into negotiations with EPA.



Where We're Going

Looking Ahead To 1994



Grassroots groups across the nation have been gaining in power and racking up victories against polluters and corrupt govern-

ments like never before. The Citizens Clearinghouse for Hazardous Waste is making plans to continue building and empowering the groups and people who make up the Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice.

One of our first campaigns in 1994 will be Justice Day, a local-based day of action by community grassroots groups across the nation. Taking place on February 21, this is a first step in uniting all grassroots people involved in diverse social justice issues. Through these collective actions, a message will be sent from the grassroots that we are united across all issues. Already over 100 grassroots groups across the country have contacted CCHW to tell us about their plans on Justice Day. Justice Day will also kick off The Year to Ban the Burn.

In addition to Justice Day, much of the work for 1994 will be continued progress for ongoing programs and projects such as:

New Bridges- Although the multinational corporations and the Clinton Administration bribed their way to a narrow NAFTA passage, the real long term victory belongs to those Social Justice groups who came together for an unprecedented coalition of labor, civil rights and environmental justice groups in this country and in Canada and Mexico. CCHW made many valuable contacts by working with the anti-NAFTA coalitions and we have maintained those links in order to strengthen the bridges between labor and environmental justice groups.

In 1994 CCHW is planning to work with the Oil, Chemical and Atomic Workers (OCAW) to participate in a newly formed **Jobs and Environment Consortium**. The primary

goal of the consortium is to bring together chemical industry workers and community people in order to find common ground on the difficult issues they face. Workers and community residents are exposed to the same chemicals and share a common target in the corporation that owns the company. The project trains trainers from labor, environmental and community groups to work in tandem to conduct workshops around the country. These workshops will provide the opportunity for workers and community residents to build relationships by learning about and better understanding the issues that affect both the worker and the community.

Another labor connection to be strengthened in 1994 is with the Olympic Games workers demanding justice in Atlanta, the site of the 1996 Summer Olympic Games. CCHW's Southeastern field organizer Cynthia Smith is currently working with labor unions in Atlanta to help ensure fair wages and safe working conditions.

Delaney Clause- The *Delaney Clause* is another issue which has pulled together many diverse constituencies. We plan to work with the **United Farm Workers**, who are currently stepping up their table grape boycott, along with other labor organizations and safe food groups to combat the unsafe application of pesticides on crops and food during 1994.

Superfund- With 41 million people living within four miles of Superfund sites, another issue where CCHW will be focusing its attention will be the reauthorization of Superfund. Already industry and insurance companies are launching a multimillion dollar public relations campaign designed to refocus current Superfund laws away from the "polluter pays" principle. Industry is hoping Congress will consider a proposal to Con't on page 12

Technical Assistance

In 1993, CCHW provided technical assistance or indepth technical reviews to individuals and groups in the following communities:

Alabama Birmingham

Alaska Fairbanks

Arkansas Little Rock

Arizona Phoenix Sedona Tucson

California
Benicia
Brisbane
Casper
Chico
Dunsmuir
Ft. Bragg
San Francisco
Santa Monica
Santa Rosa

Woodland Hills

Colorado Denver Florence Haswell

Connecticut
Bridgeport
Bristol
Danielson
Lexington
Lyme
North Haven
Norwalk
Torrington
Waterford

District of Columbia Bryant Park Homeowners Assoc. Brentwood

Florida
Belle Grade
Miami
Naples
Pensacola
Punta Gorda
Tallahassee

Georgia Albany Americus Atlanta Newtown

Hawaii Wailuku

Rome

Idaho Emmett Kelogg

Illinois Browning Chicago Chillicothe Morris

Indiana Indianapolis South Bend

Kentucky Cavert City Lexington Owensboro

Massachussetts Concord Hampden New Bedford Plymouth Saugus South Walpole

Maine Addison Brewer

Maryland
Bethesda
Elkton
Hampstead
Hurlock
Lanham
Lexington Park
Lusby
Odenton
Princess Ann
Cheverly
Silver Spring
Unionbridge

Con't on page 13





Con't from page 11

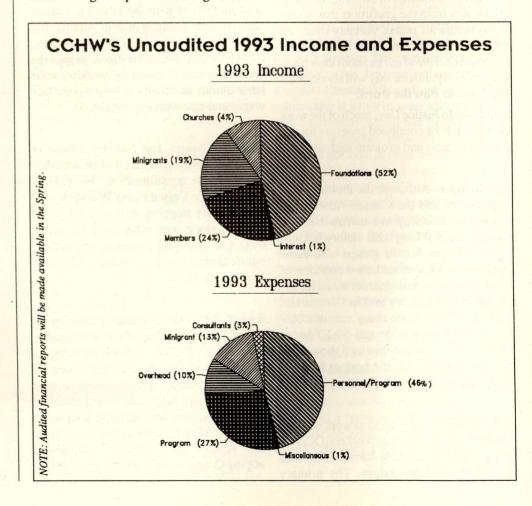
set up a trust fund that would tax companies annually to clean up hazardous wastes sites thereby reducing the liability of polluters. The second option is to throw out joint and several liability and in its place put a proportionate liability program.

CCHW and its members do not feel that the actual law (superfund) as written needs to be fixed. What needs to be changed is the way the program is administered. Since the passage of Superfund in 1980, we have had a pro-industry, anti-environmental Whitehouse. Now is our first opportunity to administer the program as it was designed.

Incineration- CCHW held the first ever nationwide incineration strategy session in 1993 and the **Stop Incineration Network** (SIN) evolved out of that meeting. The SIN adopted the goal of ending incineration as a waste technology in 1994, including stopping "loophole" incineration in cement kilns and other legal loopholes allowing hazwaste

incineration, as well as redoubling the efforts to shut down the WTI hazwaste incinerator in East Liverpool, Ohio.

Economic Development- To address the long term goals of the Movement for Social and Environmental Justice, CCHW's economic development project will offer grassroots citizens groups information and referral toward ideas and resources for clean, green economic development. This project is very exciting for groups that have won their fight against a dump or incinerator and now wish to bring sustainable economic development to their community. CCHW has seen that communities can successfully fight dump after dump, but the real issue for communities is whether or not the citizens have decision-making power concerning economic development. Exploring the different economic opportunities and the fiscal power structures of local communities will be one of CCHW's priority programs for 1994.



1993 Minigrant Awards

AK, Palmer - Chickaloon Valley Environmental Protection Project

AR, Cherokee Village - Ozark Mountain Center

CA, San Francisco - Chinese Progressive Association

CO, Durango - Dine Citizens Against Ruining Our Environment

CO, Montrose - Western Colorado Congress

CT, East Hartford - Ecological Health Org/Act Coalition

CT, Naugatuck - Pollution Extermination Group

FL, Citra - Save Ourselves and

Grassroots Environmental Coalition Kingdom of the Sun

GA, Alto - Action For A Clean Environment

GA, Albany - Citizens for a Healthy Environment, Economy and Resources

GA, Atlanta - Carver Hills Neighborhood Association, Inc.

GA, Gainesville - Newtown Florist Club, Inc.

IA, Davenport - United Neighbors, Inc.

IL, Carbondale - Regional Association of Concerned Environmentalists

IN, East Chicago - Calumet Project for Industrial Jobs

KY, Berea - Common Ground

MA, Boston - Massachusetts Campaign to Cleanup Hazardous Waste

MA, Shelborne Falls, Citizens Awareness Network

MI, Melvindale - Friends of the Detroit River

MI, Muskegon - Lake Michigan Federation

MO, Greenwood - Waste Information Network

MS, Jackson - Southern Echo, Inc.

NJ, Newark - Ironbound Committee Against Toxic Wastes

NM, Albuquerque - Water Information Network

NY, Albany - Citizens Environmental Coalition

NY, Albany - New York Coalition for Alternatives to Pesticides

NY, Buffalo - Interfaith Center for Environmental Stewardship

NY, Geneseo - Protect A Clean Environment

NY, Herkimer - Herkimer County Environmental Action

OH, Athens - Appalachian Ohio Public Interest Center

PA, Hazleton - Lower Anthracite Project

PA, Houtzdale - Pennsylvania Environmental Network

TN, Knoxville - Oak Ridge Environmental Peace Alliance

TN, Lake City - Save Our Cumberland Mountains

TX, Austin - People Organized in Defense of Earth and Her Resources

TX, Sierra Blanca - Save Sierra Blanca

TX, Winona - Concerned Citizens Winona/Owentown Area

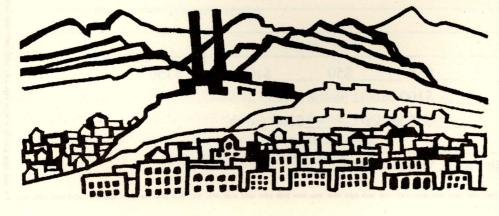
VA, New Castle - Arcs, Inc.

VT, East Calais - Vermonters Organized for Clean-up

WI, Merrimac - Citizens for Safe Water Around Badger

WV, Kincaid - Southern Appalachian Labor School

WY, Douglas - Powder River Basin Resource Council



Technical Assistance con't

Michigan Alpina East Towas Ellsworth

Jackson Madison Heights **New Boston**

Whitemore Lake

Westland

Minnesota St. Louis Park Two Harbors Worthington

Missouri Arbela

Montana Bozeman Dodson Helena

Butte

North Carolina Asheville

Gastonia Norlina Raleigh Warsaw

New Hampshire

Hudson Keene Lincoln

New Jersey Columbia Edison

Franwood Jackson Jersey City Newton Parlin

Paulsboro

Pitman

New Mexico Villanueva

New York Brewster Cornwall

East Chatham East Rochester Elmhurst Elmont Flushing

Huntington Lakewood New Delhi New Rochelle New York Niagara Falls

Rochester Tonawanda Ohio Bluffton Cleveland East Liverpool Walhonding

Xenia

Oklahoma Oklahoma City

Oregon **Baker City** Newport

Sherwood Pennsylvania

Allenwood Chester Leechburg Mehoopany **Paradise** Perkasie Philadelphia

Phoenixville Pittsburgh Robesonia Royersford Sayre Shamokin Spring Grove

Tarentum Yukon Watsontown

South Carolina

Columbia Granitville Green Valley Simpsonville Sumter

North Dakota Dickinson

Tennessee Arnold AFB Elizabethton Greenville McEwen Memphis

Texas Alpine Austin Colorado City Houston Winona

Virginia Arlington Ashland Buckingham Fairfax Floyd

Con't on page 15

1994 Membership Drive

CCHW is undertaking an aggressive Membership drive this year. As you may already know, private foundations have been supporting our work for many years. After a number of years of continued support, a foundation must lend its support to new groups and new efforts. After twelve years, we have run our limit at several Foundations. It is now time for us to increase support from the people we directly serve.

CCHW has recently redesigned our membership policies (see facing page). Because the Movement has grown significantly over the past few years and some of our "helper groups" are either no longer in business or are re-organizing, we have had a huge influx of calls. Our normal out going telephone calls last year averaged 500 calls per month. Our most recent analysis revealed an average of 952 calls per month, almost double last year's average.

Although our work has increased significantly, the number of staff who respond to these requests for help has not increased even by one person. Given our limited resources and expanded needs, we had to make some hard decisions on who to help and when. We decided to try and help all those who call, but to prioritize our calls based on if the caller is contributing to CCHW and the Movement. Members receive **priority** service from CCHW's staff. There are of course exceptions to this rule especially for low-income groups.

This is not a radical change for us or our members. From the first time people call for help we explain, if you want help you need to be willing to give help. This mutual aid policy is the strength of our Movement and is what has allowed the Movement to evolve as a strong and self-reliant, bottom-up power base.

Our members have told us for years how proud they are of the fact that CCHW doesn't take corporate money or government funds to accomplish our work. We do not plan on changing this policy but it does come with some obligation from you. To continue our efforts we must raise a significant portion of our funds from the people we serve. If people are unwilling to support CCHW with even a small amount of funds, such as \$10.00, than we need to reassess our work, programs, and need for CCHW nationwide. Membership dues serve as a vote of confidence in our work. We would like your vote.

If you are already a member and would like to further support CCHW then maybe you could give a gift membership to another leader or even to your local elected official(s). Perhaps after your elected official reads our newsletter and other information they will become educated and join with you in the struggle for environmental justice. At worse, the elected person will be aggravated by getting such proenvironment information in their mail box (payback for your aggravation with them).

If you would like to give a gift membership please fill out the form on the next page. An acknowledgement of your gift will be sent. If you are already a member in good standing, consider giving an extra membership donation to sponsor a low income leader or group membership. Please fill out the forms and mail them back to CCHW as soon as possible. We are hoping to increase our dues paying members by 40% this year. Help us to help others and achieve our goals. A solid foundation of members will secure our long term futures and goals. Please feel free to xerox the form below and on the next page!

	Membership	Form	
Name			Zestinasia olpapeasia a
Address		ALEXA	
City/State/zip	and the second	Sally market the sales	
Telephone		The second second	
Individual membership:	\$35\$:	50\$100 _	\$150
Group membership:	\$100		
Donation to sponsor a:	\$35 leader	\$100 group	

Site Visits/LDCS/Workshop Fee Schedule *

*All levels are expected to pay for travel expenses to and from the site in addition to any related travel fees.

\$200.00 Non-member groups/individuals

\$150.00 Individual Members

No Cost Group Members

Technical Reviews Fee Schedule

\$100.00 Individual Members No Cost Group Members

Group Memberships

Cost: \$100.00

active part of Grassroots Movement for Environmental Justice certificate of membership part of goal-setting process at CCHW Convention priority participation at CCHW events of limited space 10% discount on purchases 20% discount on selected publications from Island Press contribute articles to EBY prime contact for issue/region site visit/LDC/workshop fee waived - group members have priority

must provide 3 names of members for organization - receive 3 EBYs

Please send a g	ift membersh	ip to:
Name:		
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Group Name:	WAR AND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SECTION CONTRACTOR	
Address:		-
4	Marie and the	
City/State/Zip		
Enclosed:	\$35	\$50
	\$100	\$150
Gift is from:		
Name/Group_	*	
	,	
Address		

Individual Memberships

Cost: \$ 25.00

1-year subscription to EBY 10% discount on purchases/registration endorse movement for Environmental Justice \$10.00 discount on EHM subscription

Non-member Services

EBY Subscription:

\$ 35.00 Individual, Library, School; \$100.00 Corporate

EHM Subscription:

\$ 35.00 Individual, Library, School; \$100.00 Corporate

Information Requests:

\$ 5.00 Handling Fee, Non-professionals

\$ 10.00 Handling Fee, Professionals

Technical Assistance con't

Fredricksburg Front Royal Gloucester Herndon Kingsport Marion Richmond Yorktown

Washington

Anacortes

Edmonds

Asotin

Seattle

West Virginia Kindred Mount Hope Spenser Wallback Powell

International Sydney, Australia Alta Floresta, Brazil Alberta, Canada Victoria, Canada

Wisconsin Hartland Tomah Victoria, Canada Managua, Nicaragua Cameroon, Africa Namibia, Africa

CCHW's Offices:

Anna Marie Stenberg

254¹/₂ Wall St. Ft. Bragg, CA 95437 707-964-9109

Cynthia Smith

250 10th St. N.E., Suite 106 Atlanta, GA 30309 404/875-3533 **National Office**

P.O. Box 6806 Falls Church, VA 22040 703/237-CCHW **Pete Castelli**

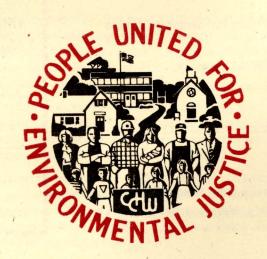
P.O. Box 639 Floyd, VA 24091 703/745-3400

Calvin Mitchell

P.O. Box 88011 Indianapolis, IN 46208 317/920-1051

CCHW P.O. Box 6806 Falls Church, VA 22040 703/237-2249

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