

Class Thirteen Readings

Assigned

Newton, Isaac. *De Motu Corporum in Gyrum*. 1684.

Newton, Issac, and Robert Hooke. *Hooke-Newton Correspondence*. 1679.

Wilson, Curtis. "From Kepler's Laws, So-Called, to Universal Gravitation: Empirical Factors." *Archive for History of Exact Sciences* 6, no. 2 (1970): 89-170.

Supplemental

Brackenridge, J. Bruce. *The Key to Newton's Dynamics: The Kepler Problem and the Principia*. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1995.

Halley, Edmund, and Henry Oldenburg. *Halley-Oldenburg Correspondence*. 1676.

Newton, Isaac. *De Motu Corporum in Gyrum*. Newton's Original Manuscript. 1684.

Newton, Isaac. *De Motu Corporum in Gyrum*. Tom Whiteside Annotated Version. 1684.

Newton, Isaac, and John Flamsteed. *Flamsteed to Crompton for Newton*. 1680-81.

Pourciau, Bruce. "Newton's Argument for Proposition 1 of the Principia." *Archive for History of Exact Sciences* 57 (2003): 267-311.

Ruffner, J. A. "Newton's Propositions on Comets: Steps in transition, 1681-84." *Archive for History of Exact Sciences* 54 (2000): 259-277.

Ruffner, J. A. "The Snare of Simplicity: the Newton-Flamsteed Correspondence Revisited." *Archive for History of Exact Sciences* 67 (2013): 415-455.

Smith, George E. *Handwritten Proofs of Propositions in "De Motu."*