



FEED the Future Bangladesh Nutrition Activity (BNA) Leveraging markets for sustainable sanitation service delivery in Cox's Bazar Nutrition Sensitive Programming- Enhancing Public Private Partnerships

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Table of Contents

- Project Introduction
- Context
- Sanitation Problem
- Intervention Objectives
- Conceptual framework
- Program design
- Early Results
- Lesson learned Program implications

Bangladesh Nutrition Activities (BNA) Introduction

The USAID funded Bangladesh Nutrition Activity (BNA) has been designed to empower and support market and community actors to address underlying causes of malnutrition.

By the end of BNA, children under 5, pregnant and lactating women, and adolescents (girls and boys) in the four project districts will be better able to meet their nutritional needs and practice healthier behaviors.

Three Result Areas:

1

Consumption of nutritious, diverse, and safe diets by rural households

2

Social and economic empowerment of women and adolescents

3

Adoption of improved water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH)

Cox's Bazar Context

Cox's Bazar is a district of southeastern Bangladesh within Chittagong division, bordering Myanmar

WASH is a significant underlying concern in Cox's Bazar with access to clean drinking water and improved sanitation below national average

Rohingya influx, almost tripled the population further exacerbating the situation.

42% of population in Cox's Bazar district do not have access to improved latrines

This risks is facilitating the spread of diseases and exacerbating nutrition issues

Aid is primarily focused on Rohingya camps. Impacted/Host Communities are still vulnerable to WASH challenges

Unimproved latrines are located close to water points, increasing the risk of water contamination and the spread of diseases

Sanitation Problem

Unavailability of improved technology

Weak Supply Chain Weak standards & regulation

BoP Inability to pay for sanitation product

Appraisal &
Redesign of
existing
technology
Redesign and

Contextualization of new technology

Strengthening Linkages

Development of local level sanitation entrepreneurs

Access of improved produce to bottom of the poor customers

Advocacy at the national level

Coordination at local level and NGOs

Sanitation
Marketing
Guideline
development

Facilitation of WASH loans through FSPs Smart subsidies –

Targeted subsidies from NGOs and government agencies to poorest of the poor

Intervention Objective



Overall Objective

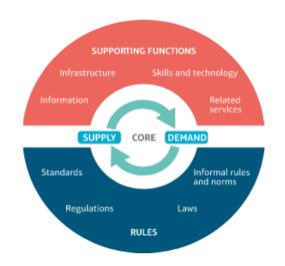
The proposed objective of the project is to better wellbeing of poor and disadvantaged households by increasing access and usage of improved sanitation facilities (per JMP definition) in the targeted Upazilas of Cox's Bazar using a sanitation marketing approach.

Moving up the Sanitation Ladder



Conceptual Framework





- Market-led solutions that will significantly contribute to the improved sanitation services.
- Use of improved services by households
- Availability of a range of commercial hygienic sanitation systems

DESIGN WITH LOCAL MATERIALS + IDENTIFY BUDDING SANITATION ENTREPRENEURS

X TRAINING AND SANITATION BUSINESS COACHING SANITATION MARKET

Establishing independent supply chains

Engaging and training masons

Design refinements

Stimulating household demand

Providing sales support

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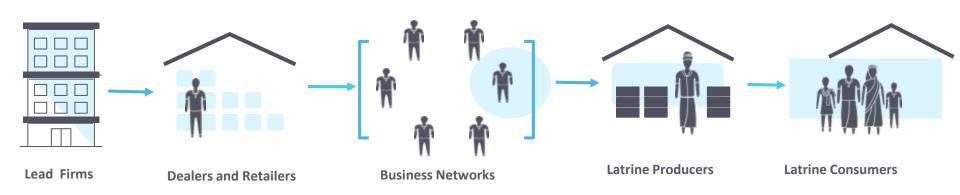
Field based rapid assessments

Expanded, improved sanitation technologies and components

Market System Development

Human Centered Design

Robust monitoring framework



Partnerships with: Private Firms, public agencies and development sector

Entrepreneur training package

Enhance promotion through SBCC strategies

Program Design

Use of Service: Demand

Rural households
access and use
improved yet
affordable sanitation
services and have
improved their
hygiene behaviour

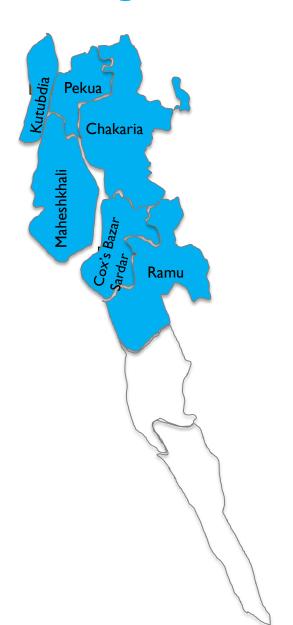
Service Delivery: Supply

Capacity
development and
support to private
service providers to
sustainably offer a
variety of affordable
sanitation services

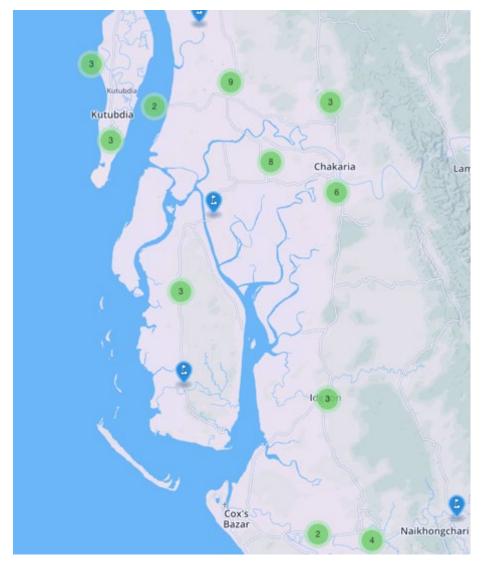
Enabling Environment: Support

Assist public and civil society WASH actors to promote, procure, and subsidize, improved sanitation services through public private development platform (PPDP)

Working Area

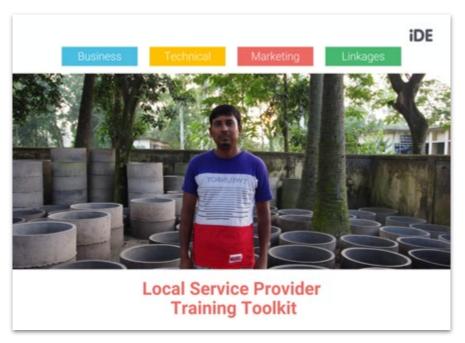


Location of latrine production center of 50 trained latrine producers



Training Packages



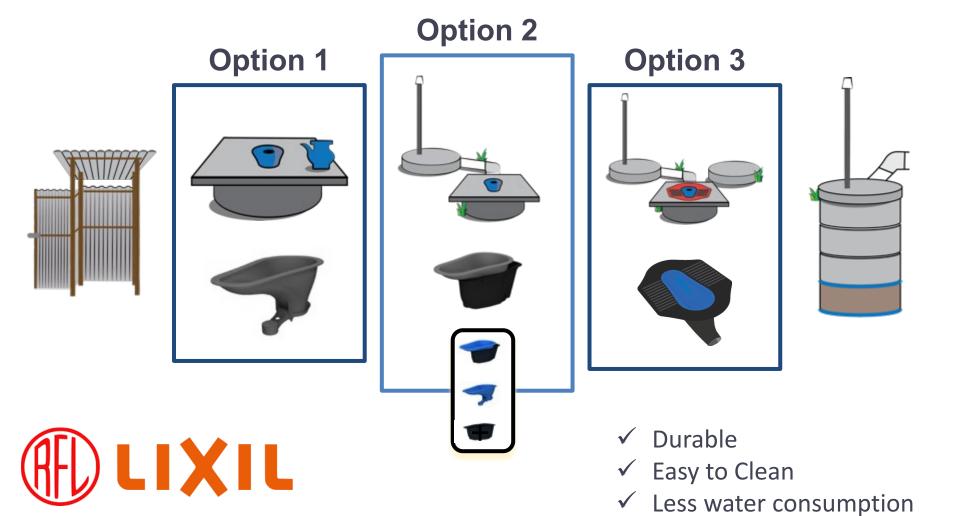


4 Day training spread over 2 months

Followed by on the job mentoring

- 1. Business Module
- 2. Technical Module
- 3. Sales/Marketing Module
- 4. Linkages Module

Latrine Packages



Trap door seal

Demand Creation Activities



Community Theatre



Group Sales – Courtyard Session



School Campaigns



Mobile Campaigns

Enabling Environment -Support





- MFI Engagement
- Civil society and development agencies coordination

- WATSAN Orientation
 - Union Mapping
 - Smart Subsidies

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Group Sales meeting



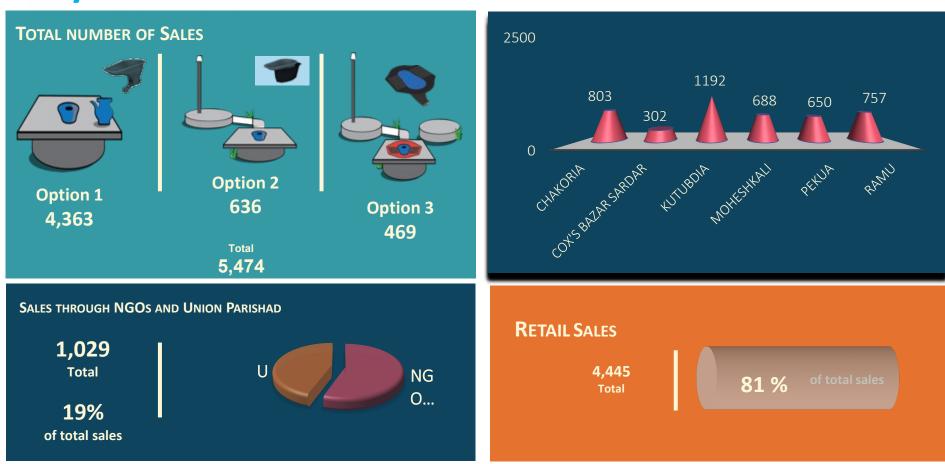
Latrine Producer business center







Early Results





Lesson Learned- Program Implication

Intentionally designed mass manufactured parts decreases installation risks

Targeted marketing through segmentation increases low-income sales

Linkages in the supply chain are not automatic

Business training + technical training increases LP sustainability

Program flexibility is required to intervene in dynamic market systems

Inclusive strategies are required to move beyond tipping point

Targeted intervention on off-set latrines required to move people up the sanitation ladder

Installation and maintenance of the sanitation facility should be prioritize during demand generation



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www.feedthefuture.gov





